

**Granite
State**

**Clean
Cities**

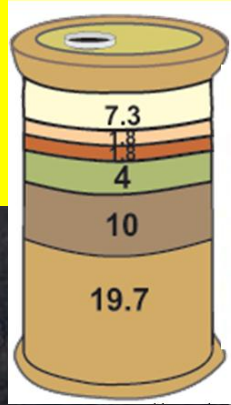


Biodiesel from Biodiesel

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**Granite State Clean Cities Coalition
Meeting, Fri March 2, 2012, DES,
Pease Tradeport, Portsmouth, NH**

US Consumption



- Diesel: 60 billion gal/yr
- Gasoline: 120 billion gal/yr
- 6 billion barrel per yr
- 20 million barrel per day

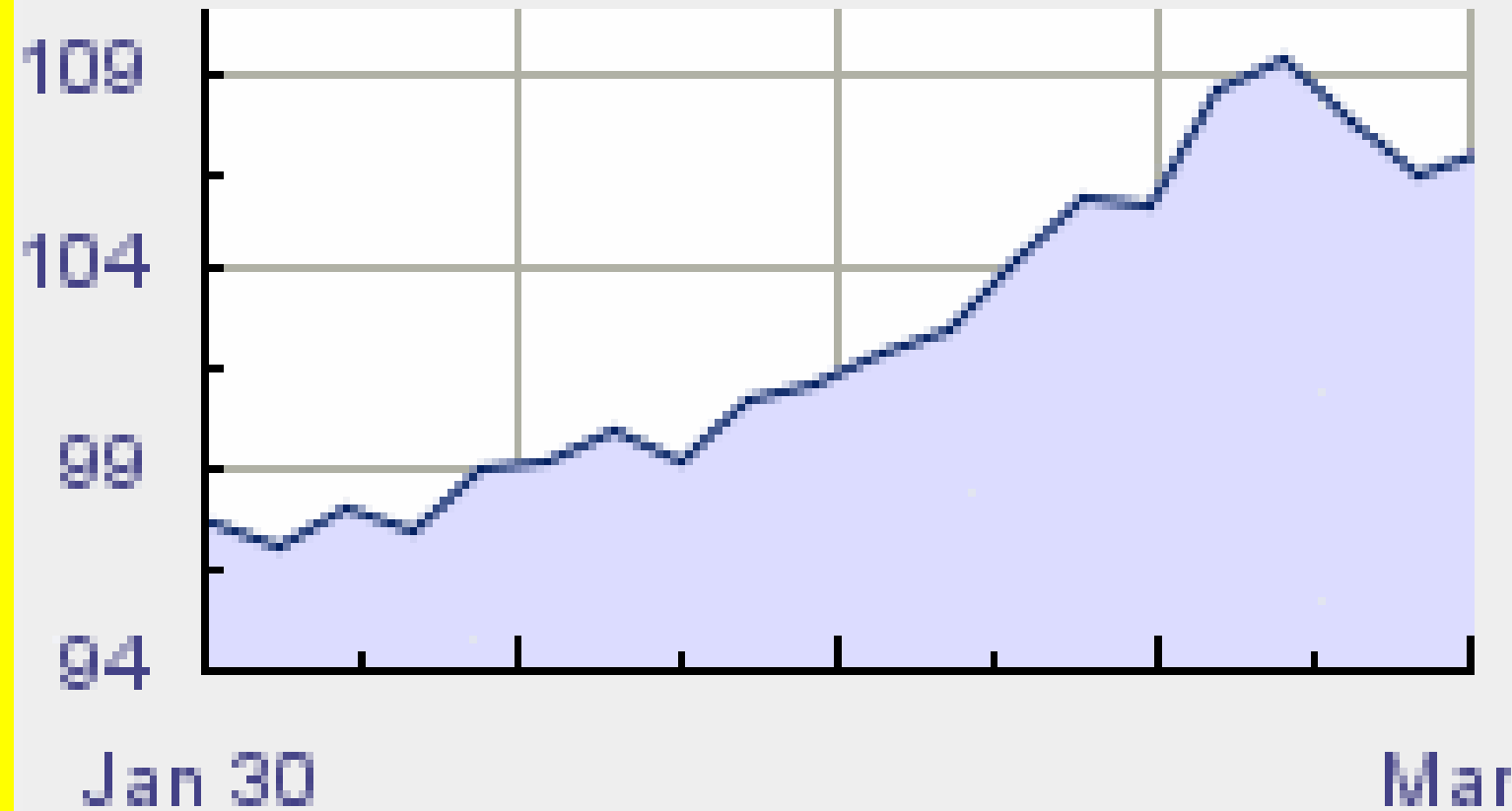
Challenges/Motivation

- Petroleum Price Volatility
- Increased Demand
- Climate Change
- EPA's new Fuels standards
- Government Acts

Crude Oil Prices

\$108.04 ▲ **0.97** **0.91%**

13:36 PM EST - 2012.03.01



1m

1q

1y

5y

Less demand for fuel oil
Crude oil: heavier and more diverse
Carbon footprint
Water footprint

Crude Oil Prices

\$108.04 ▲ **0.97** **0.91%**

13:36 PM EST - 2012.03.01



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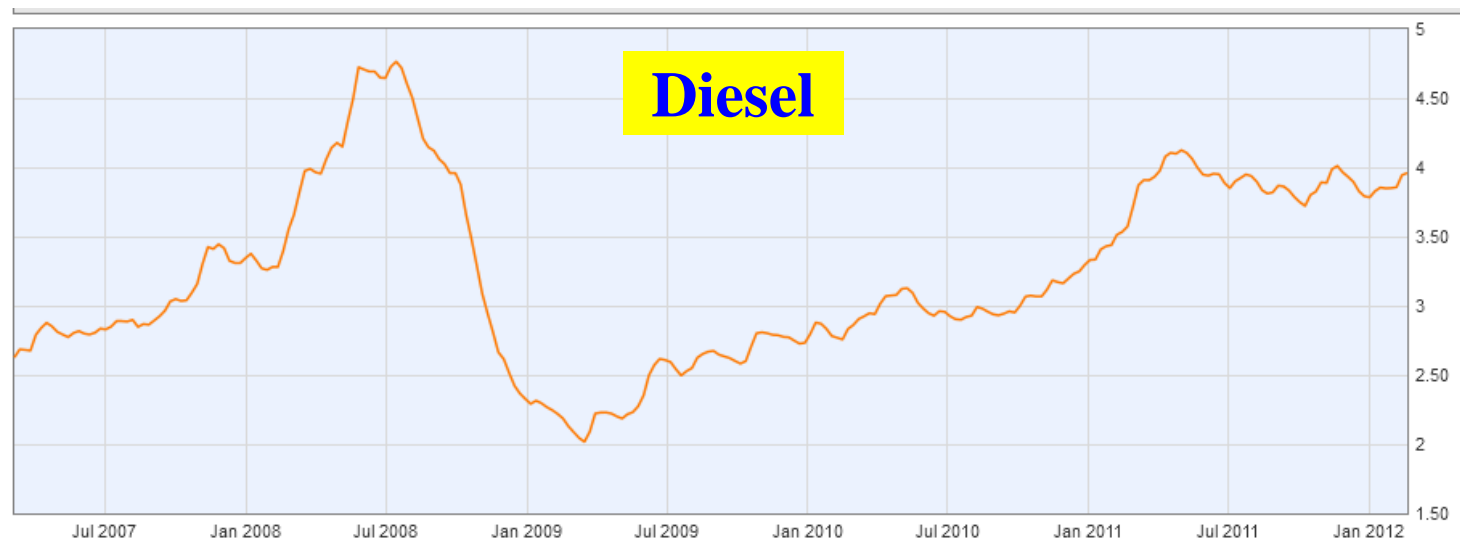
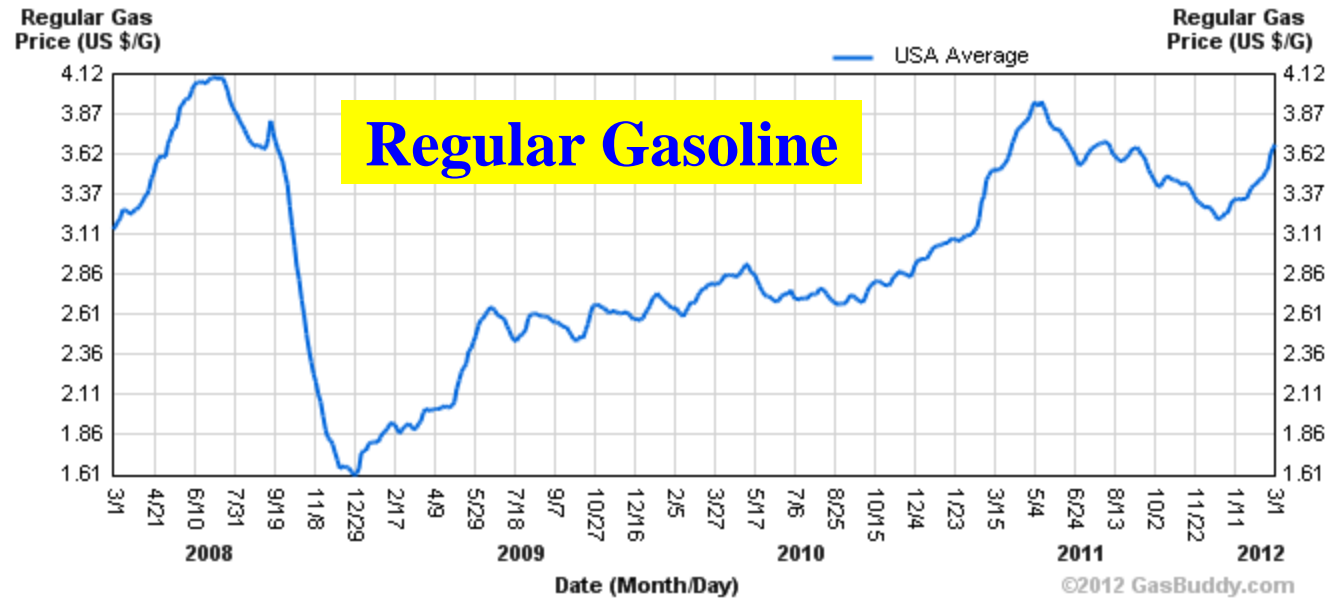
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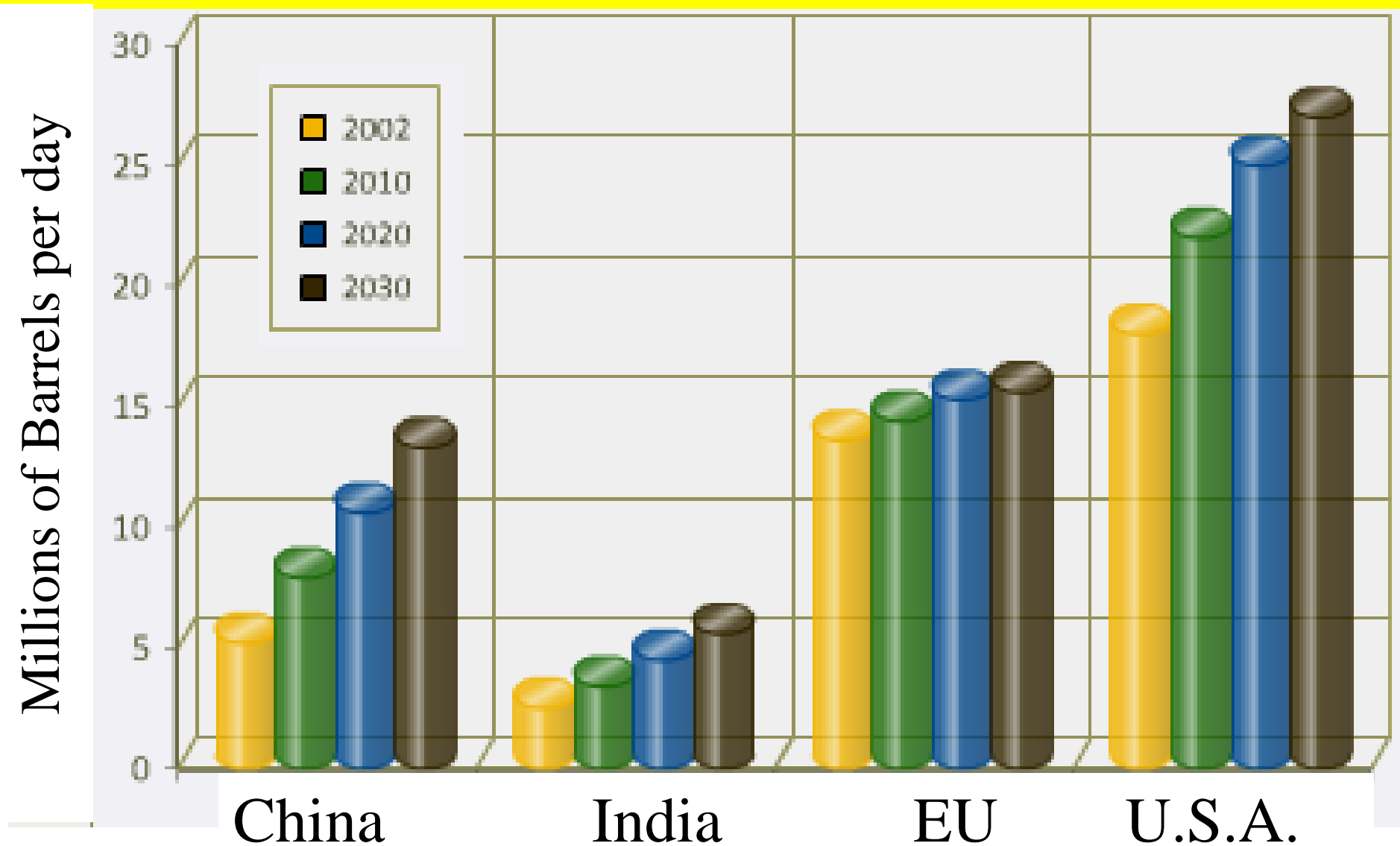


http://www.gasbuddy.com/gb_retail_price_chart.aspx?time=24/

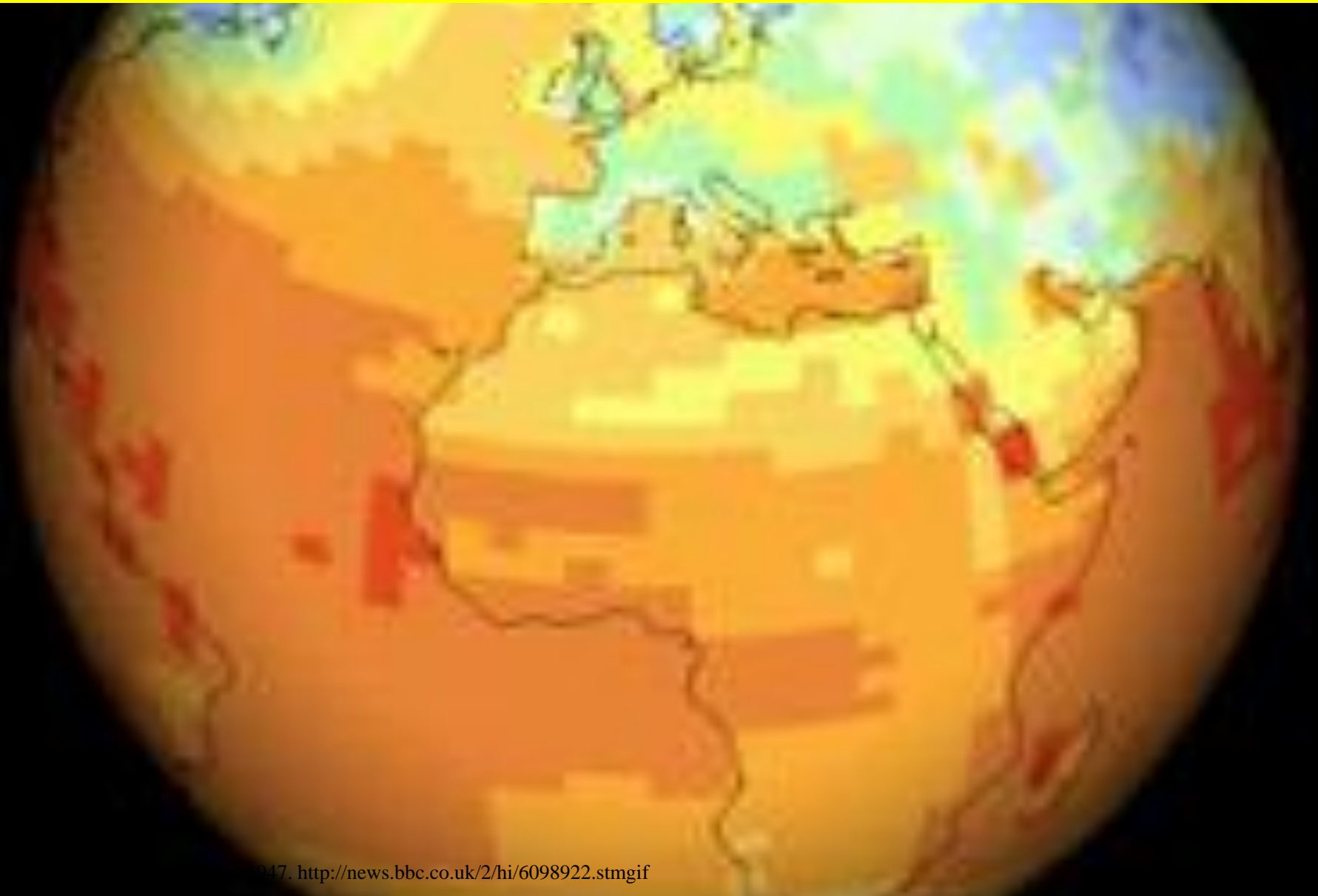
http://ycharts.com/indicators/us_diesel_price

US Regular Gasoline and Diesel Fuel Prices Mar 1, 2012

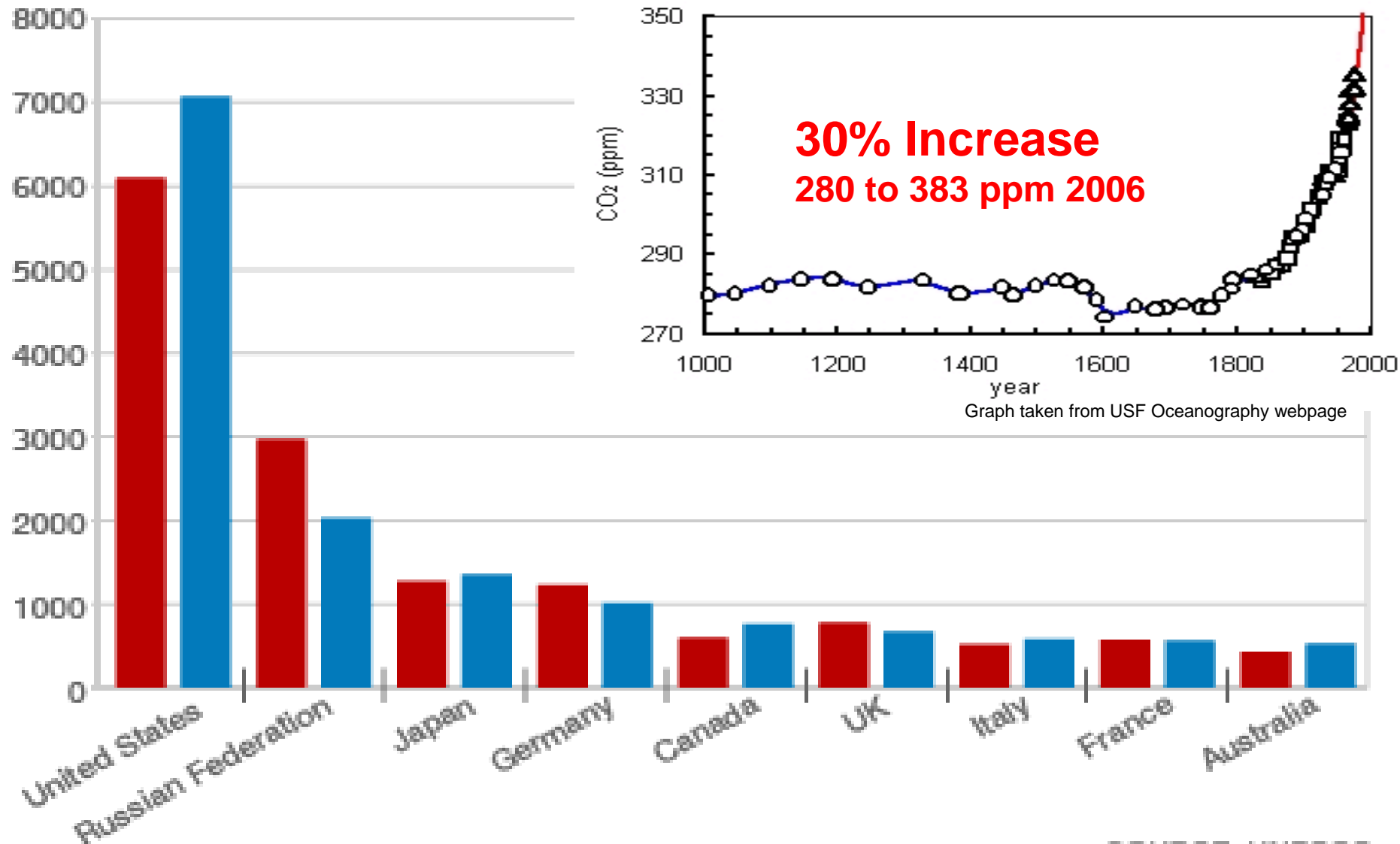
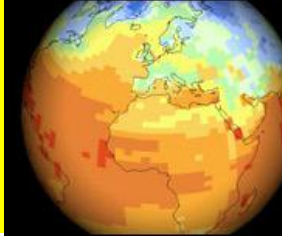
Global Crude Oil Demands Forecast to 2030



Greenhouse Gas Emission



Total Greenhouse Gas Emission (1990 & 2004), Millions tonnes CO₂ equivalent (MTCE)



Low Carbon Fuel Standards (LCFS)



Purpose: to decrease CO₂ emissions of fuel-powered vehicles in order to reduce the carbon footprint of transportation. The first LCFS mandate in the world was enacted by California in 2007, but taking effect Jan 2011. Several bills have been proposed in the US for similar low-carbon fuel regulation at a national level but with less stringent standards than California. As of early 2010 none has been approved.

Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007



December 19, 2007

Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007

- **Mandates US transportation
Fuel to include**
 - 21 billion gallons of
Advanced Biofuels by 2022**
 - 1 billion gallons by 2012**

December 19, 2007

IMPROVING FUEL ECONOMY
REDUCING OIL DEPENDENCY

Renewable Fuel Standard



Lisa Jackson, US EPA, February 3, 2010



CO₂ Emission from Oil Barrel

**1 bbl of oil (42
gallons) Produces
310 kg CO₂ (after
combustion)**



**CO₂
Emission**

**Low Carbon or
Carbon-Neutral
Sustainable
Energy Form**

es
er

Alternative Biofuel Progress

First Generation



Food Sources
Freshwater
Arable Land
Time to Grow

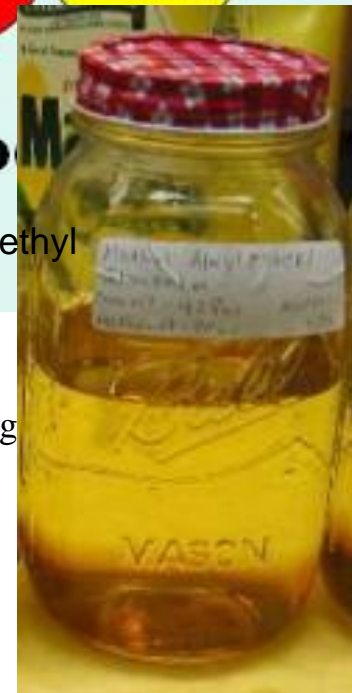
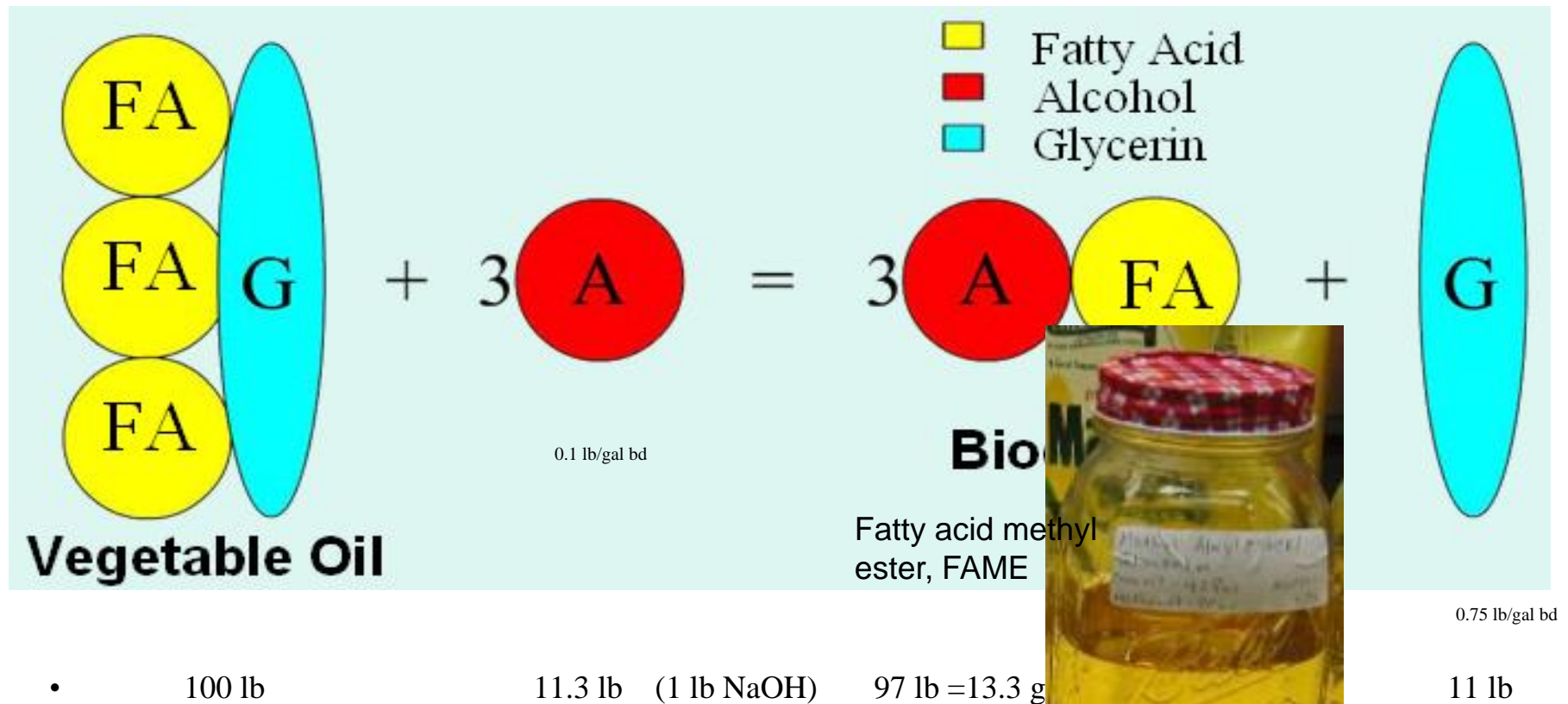
Second Generation



Freshwater
Arable Land
Time to Grow

What is Biodiesel?

- **Transesterification Process.**

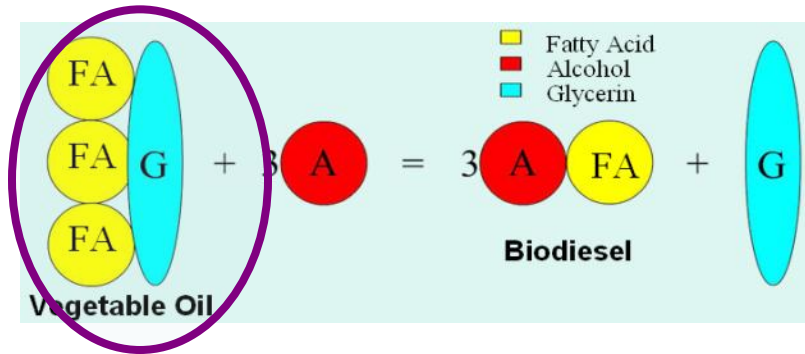


- Clean Burning **Alternative** fuel for diesel engines
- Produced from Domestic **Renewable** Resources: any fat or oil, like vegetable oil, used greases, animal fat.

Biggest Biodiesel Challenge

- **Producing enough feedstock oil to replace a large portion of petroleum diesel**

Oil & Biodiesel yield of Soybeans & Canola



Soybeans



Canola

Gallons
biodiesel/acre

50

92

Acres/million
gallons BD


~24,000

~14,000

Tortilla Riots

Last Updated: Thursday, 1 February 2007, 01:56 GMT

 E-mail this to a friend

 Printable version

Mexicans stage tortilla protest

Tens of thousands of people have marched through Mexico City in a protest against the rising price of tortillas.

The price of the flat corn bread, the main source of calories for many poor Mexicans, recently rose by over 400%.

President Felipe Calderon has said the government will clamp down on hoarding and speculation to ease the problem.

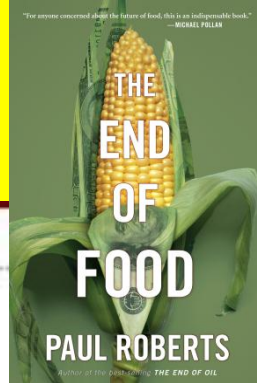
But some blame the rise on demand for corn to make environmentally-friendly biofuels in the United States



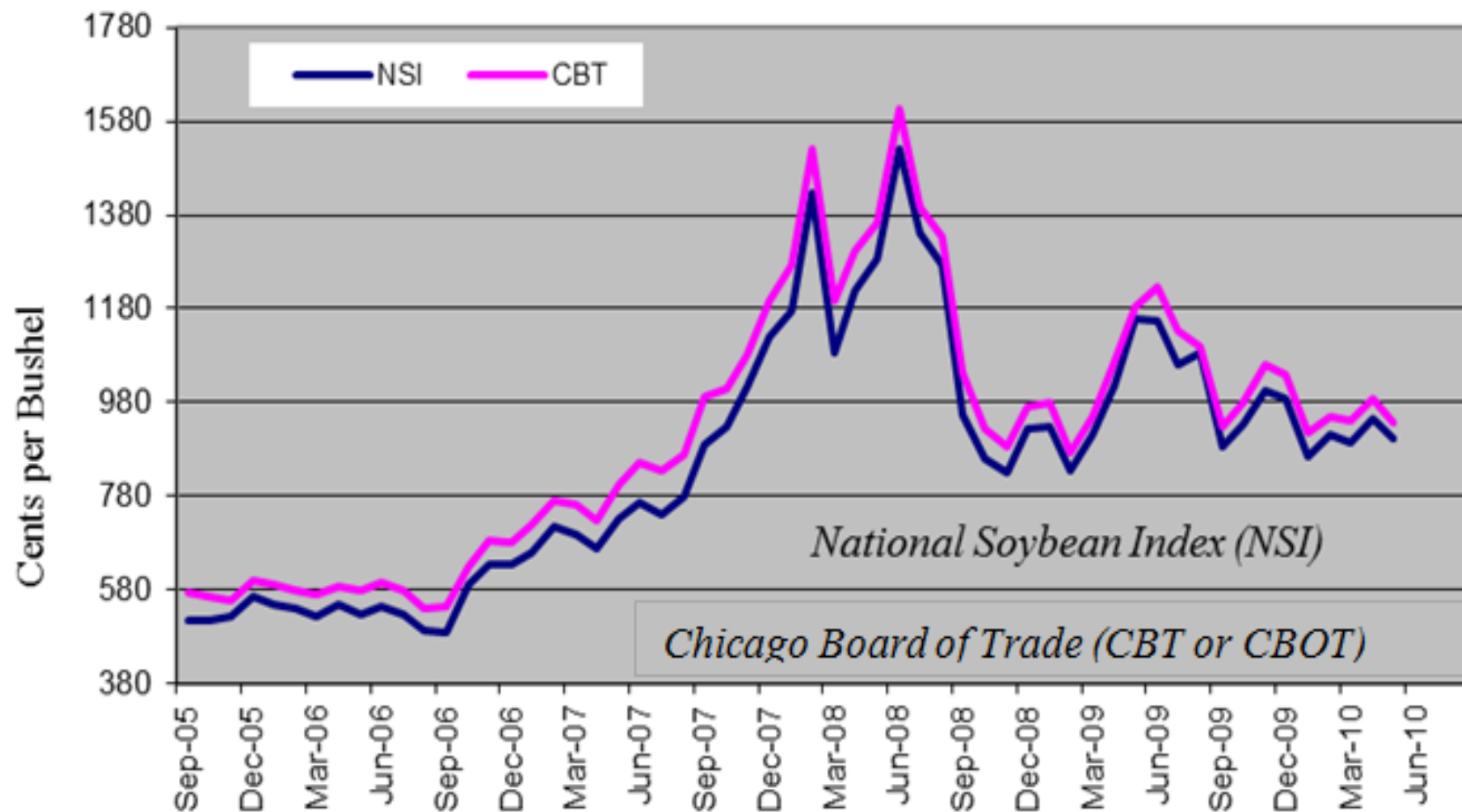
A peasant protests in Mexico City at the rising price of corn. Photograph: Luis Acosta/AFP



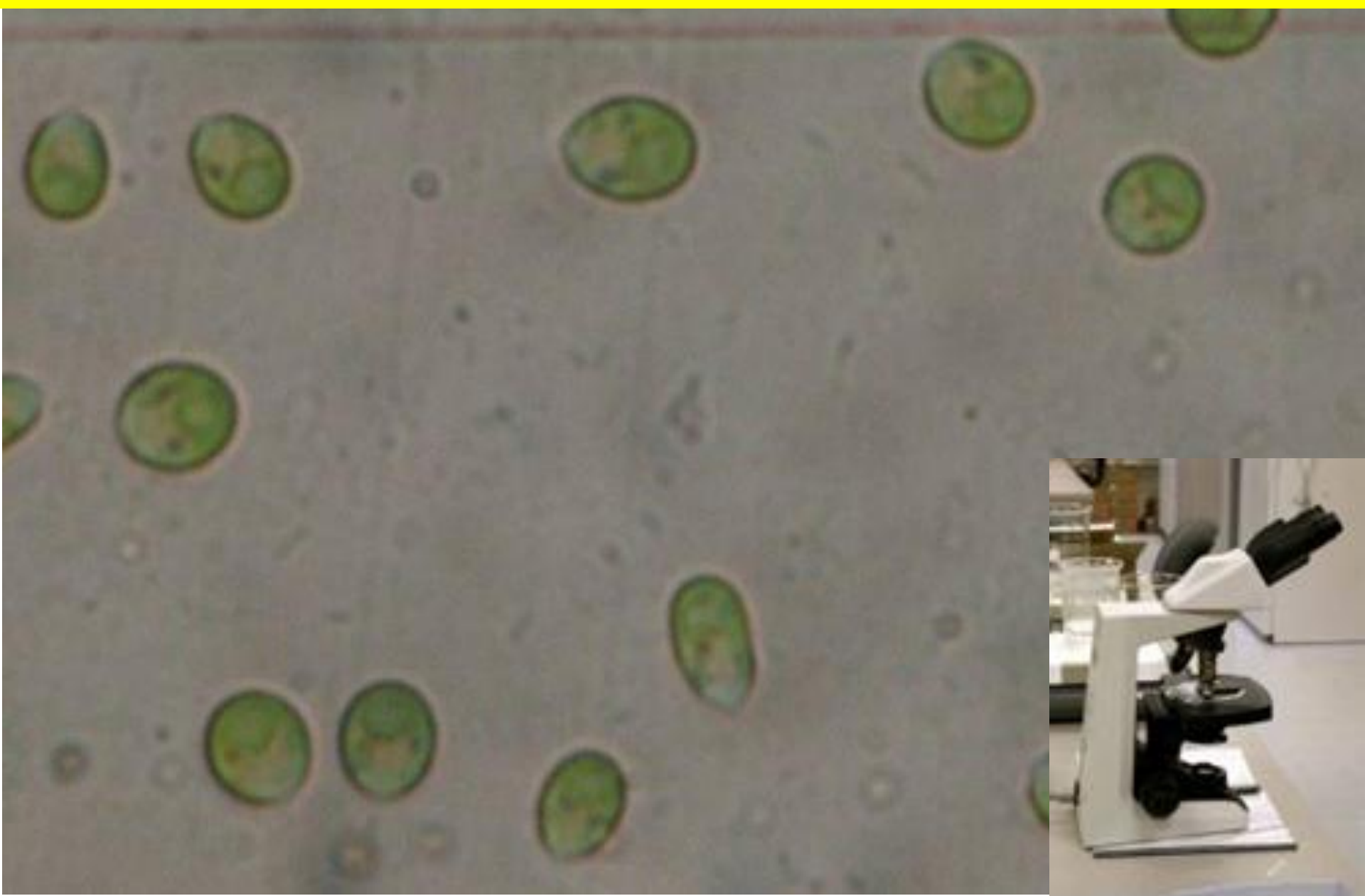
Mexicans are angry at the rise in price of their staple food



Soybean prices overtime, c/bushel (NSI 2009)



The New Frontier



Alternative Biofuel Progress

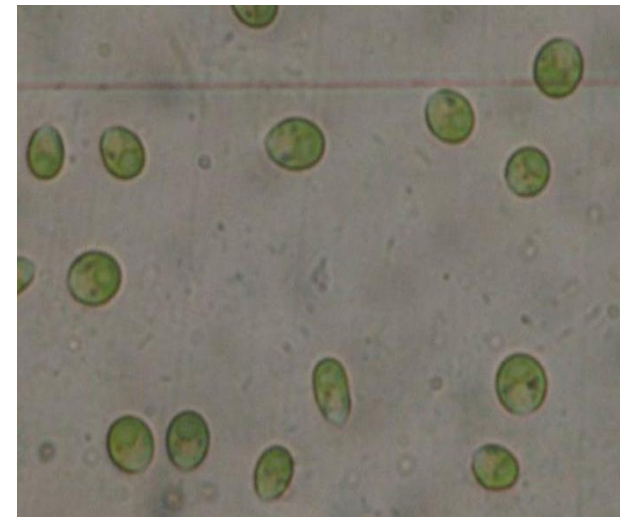
First Generation



Second Generation



Third Generation



What are Algae?

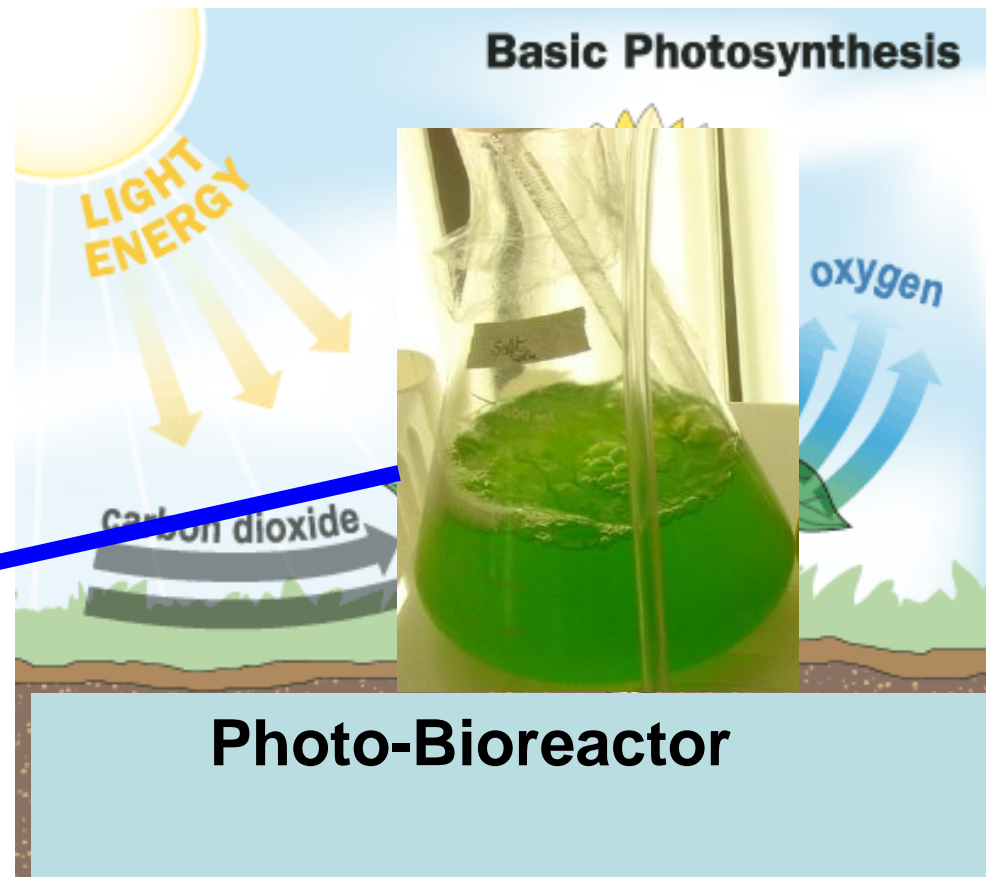
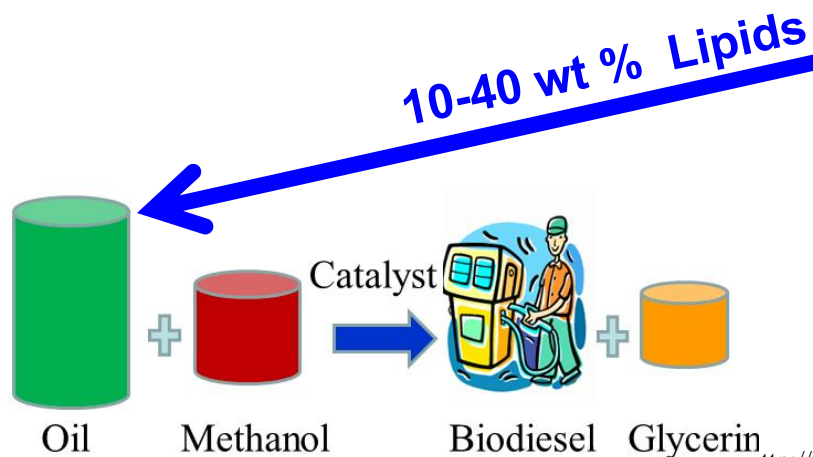
- Plant-like organism
- Simple: no leaves, no roots
- Live in water
- Fast Growth



Algae to Biodiesel

- Simple plant-like organism

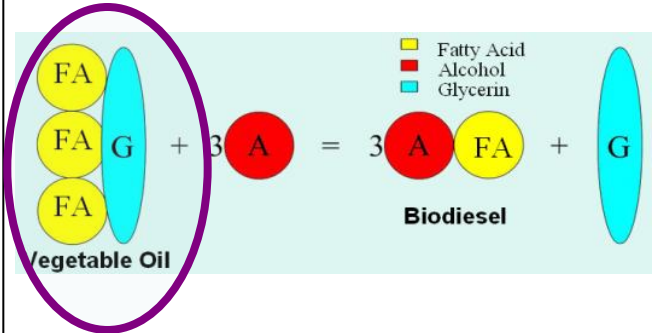



– Photosynthesis



<http://grapevine.net.au/~grunwald/une/KLAs/science/irrigation-photosynthesis.git>

http://tbn0.google.com/images?q=tbn:rclb7UEFr98Z_M:http://www.microimaging.ca/bursaria.jpg

Oil & Biodiesel yield of Soybeans, Canola & Algae

	 <p>Soybean</p>	 <p>Canola</p>	 <p>Algae</p>
<p>Gallons biodiesel/acre</p>	<p>50</p>	<p>90</p>	<p>1000- 10000</p>
<p>Acres/million gallons BD</p>	<p>~24,000</p>	<p>~14,000</p>	<p>~130</p>

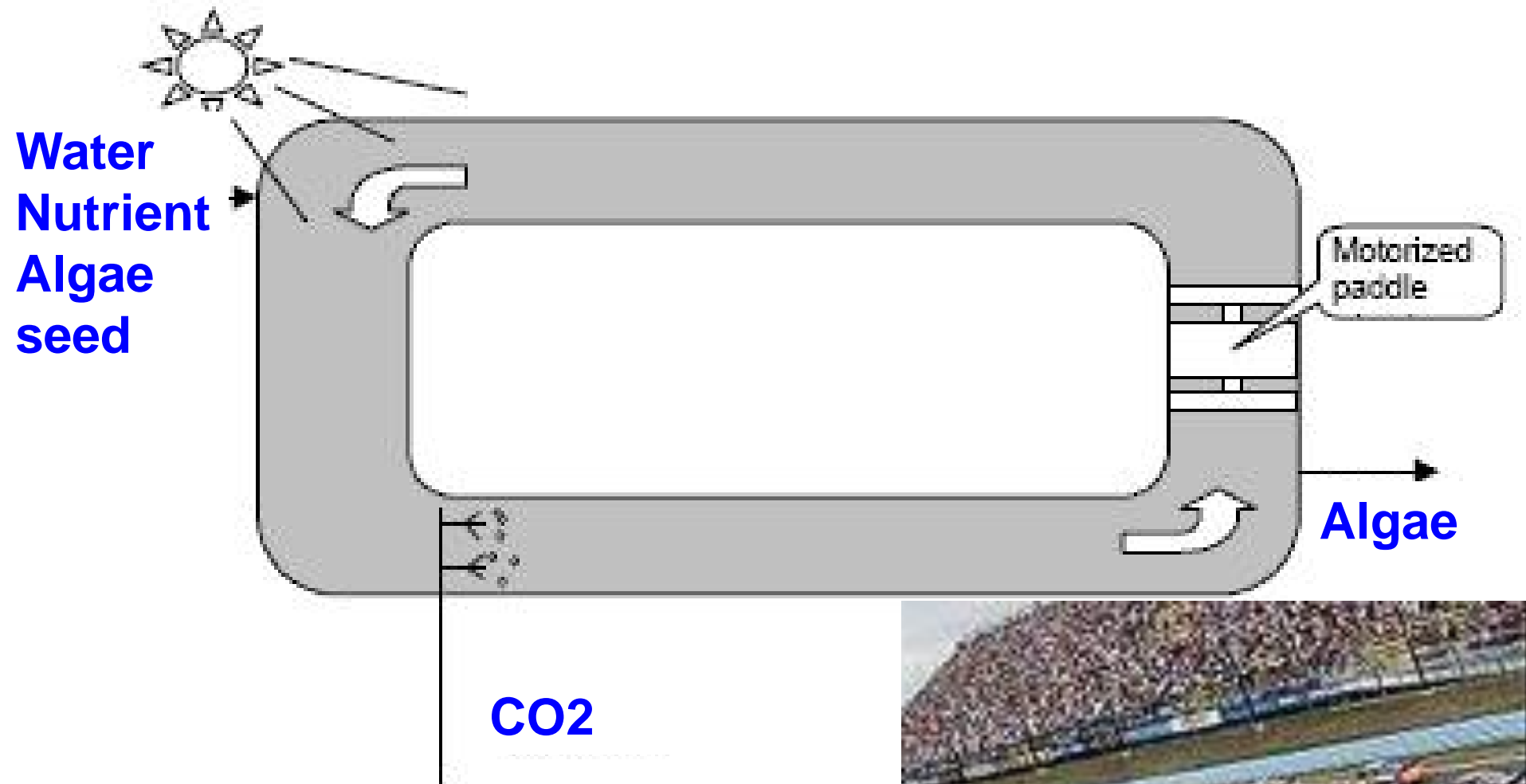
The Algae Promise?



claims that algae can produce more oil in an area the size of a two car garage than a football field of soybeans, because almost the entire algal organism can use sunlight to produce lipids, or oil.

Large Scale Algae Growth: Algaculture (Farming Algae)

Large Scale Algae Growth: Raceway Ponds



Large Scale Algae Growth: Raceway Ponds



Algae Growth: 80 L Photobioreactor



UNH Biodiesel Lab

Microalgae Oil to Biodiesel



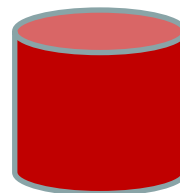
Harvest and
Oil Extraction



Transesterification



Oil

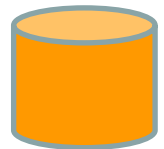


Methanol

Catalyst



Biodiesel



Glycerin

Biofuel Sustainability: Water

Water Use by Ethanol Plants Potential Challenges



Institute for Agriculture and Trade Policy

The New York Times
nytimes.com

October 11, 2007

Panel Sees Problems in Ethanol Production

By CORNELIA DEAN

Greater cultivation of crops to produce ethanol could harm water quality and leave some regions of the country with water shortages, a panel of experts is reporting. And corn, the most widely grown fuel crop in the United States, might cause more damage per unit of energy than other plants, especially switchgrass and native grasses, the panel said.

Corn and Water

Facts in Perspective



BusinessWeek

About Our New Look

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS: October 11, 2007, 11:05AM ET

India, China biofuels may sap water

By MICHAEL GAREY

BANGKOK, THAILAND

China and India's plans to produce more biofuels could cause shortages of water, which is needed for crops to feed their growing populations, according to a water study released Thursday.

The International Water Management Institute or IWMI study said both countries are counting on maize and sugarcane, which need large amounts of water, for much of their biofuels.

October 2007

Water Implications of Biofuels Production in the United States

THE NATIONAL

REPORT

IN BRIEF

ACADEMIES

Interest in greater energy independence, concurrent with favorable market incentives, has spurred increased production of corn-based ethanol in the United States and the production of biofuels. The trend is changing the national agricultural mind-set, raising concerns about potential impacts on the nation's water resources as some of the key issues and identifying opportunities for shaping public water resources.

Ethanol derived from corn is one of the most widely produced biofuels in the United States. It is made by converting the starch in corn kernels to sugars and then fermenting those sugars into ethanol. Ethanol derived from sugarcane and bioethanol derived from soybeans comprise a very small fraction of U.S. biofuels. Other potential sources of materials for use in biofuels include field crops such as sorghum, sweetpotato, sweet potatoes, and sorghum, animal fats, vegetable oils, and recycled greases, papers, and manure, such as chicken manure, agricultural waste, and other waste such as sludge and manure from livestock and poultry.



production based on the quantity of the ethanol, writes submissions of participants, the peer-reviewed literature, and the best professional judgments of the committee.

Types of Biofuels

Currently, the most widely used in the United States is ethanol derived from corn. Corn-based ethanol is made by converting the starch in corn kernels to sugars and then fermenting those sugars into ethanol. Ethanol derived from sugarcane and bioethanol derived from soybeans comprise a very small fraction of U.S. biofuels. Other potential sources of materials for use in biofuels include field crops such as sorghum, sweetpotato, sweet potatoes, and sorghum, animal fats, vegetable oils, and recycled greases, papers, and manure, such as chicken manure, agricultural waste, and other waste such as sludge and manure from livestock and poultry.

See • National Research Council



Sandia
National
Laboratories

Estimate

Soybean



<http://www.instablogsimages.com/images>

15600 gal
water/gal BD



300 -
2000 gal
water/gal BD

Biofuel

Drink-or-Drive



http://0.tqn.com/d/alternativefuels/1/0/i/O/-/-/09_Mullen_GTEV.jpg

Reducing the Water Footprint of Algae Growth



Non-Fresh (Impaired) Water use in Algae

- **Municipal Wastewater**
- **Wastewater from
Agriculture**
- **Sea water**

Microalgae Applications

ALGAE OIL HYBRID FUTURE IS HERE NOW



Algae Oil Hybrid Car



<http://www.theglobalenergy.com/updates/bio-diesel-train-india-launches-eco-friendly-train/>

Algae Biodiesel Train

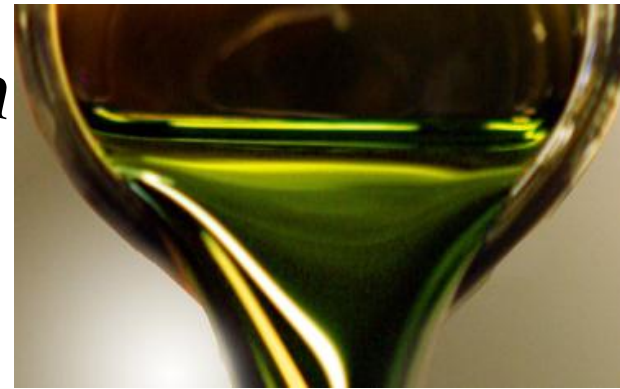
Air New Zealand tested flying Boeing 747 with Biodiesel, Dec 31, 2008



Microalgae Jet Fuel Production



Oil Extraction



Refining



U.S. military plans for large scale production of aviation biofuel, 50 million gal./yr, expected 2013

Neutraceuticals: Omega 3 oils



- Market demand for omega 3 is increasing at 26% per year world wide
- Marine fisheries are being depleted.
- Vegeterian source, (600 million in India)

Microalgae Fish Farming



Microalgae Cosmetics: Moisturizers



Microalgae Pharmaceuticals for Aquarium



Microalgae Applications

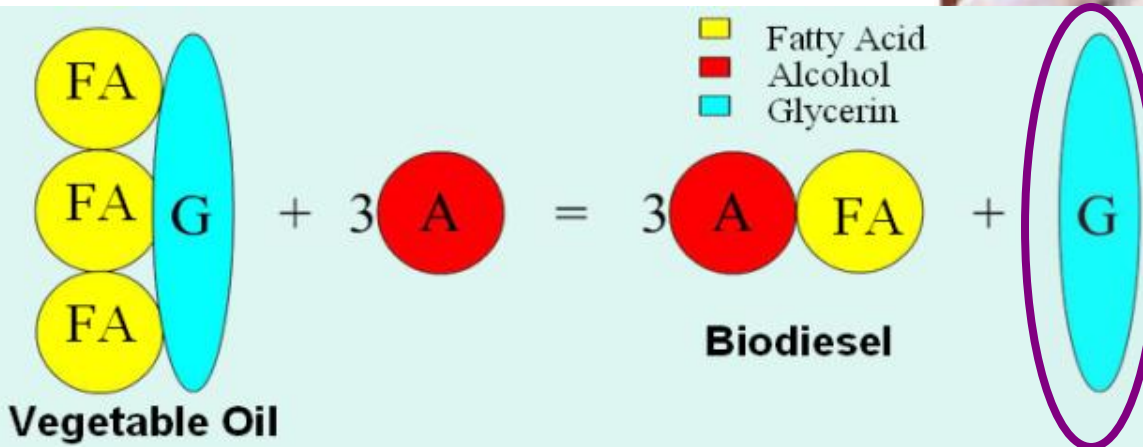
- **Biodiesel**
- **Jet Fuel**
- **Biogasoline**
- **Bioplastics**
- **Fish Farming**
- **Neutraceuticals**
- **Pharmaceuticals**
- **Cosmetics**
- **Organic Fertilizers**
- **Bioplastics**

Glycerin Byproduct Research

- **Cost-effective
use of Glycerin
Byproduct**



Photo Courtesy of USDA



Algae Oil Commercial Developments

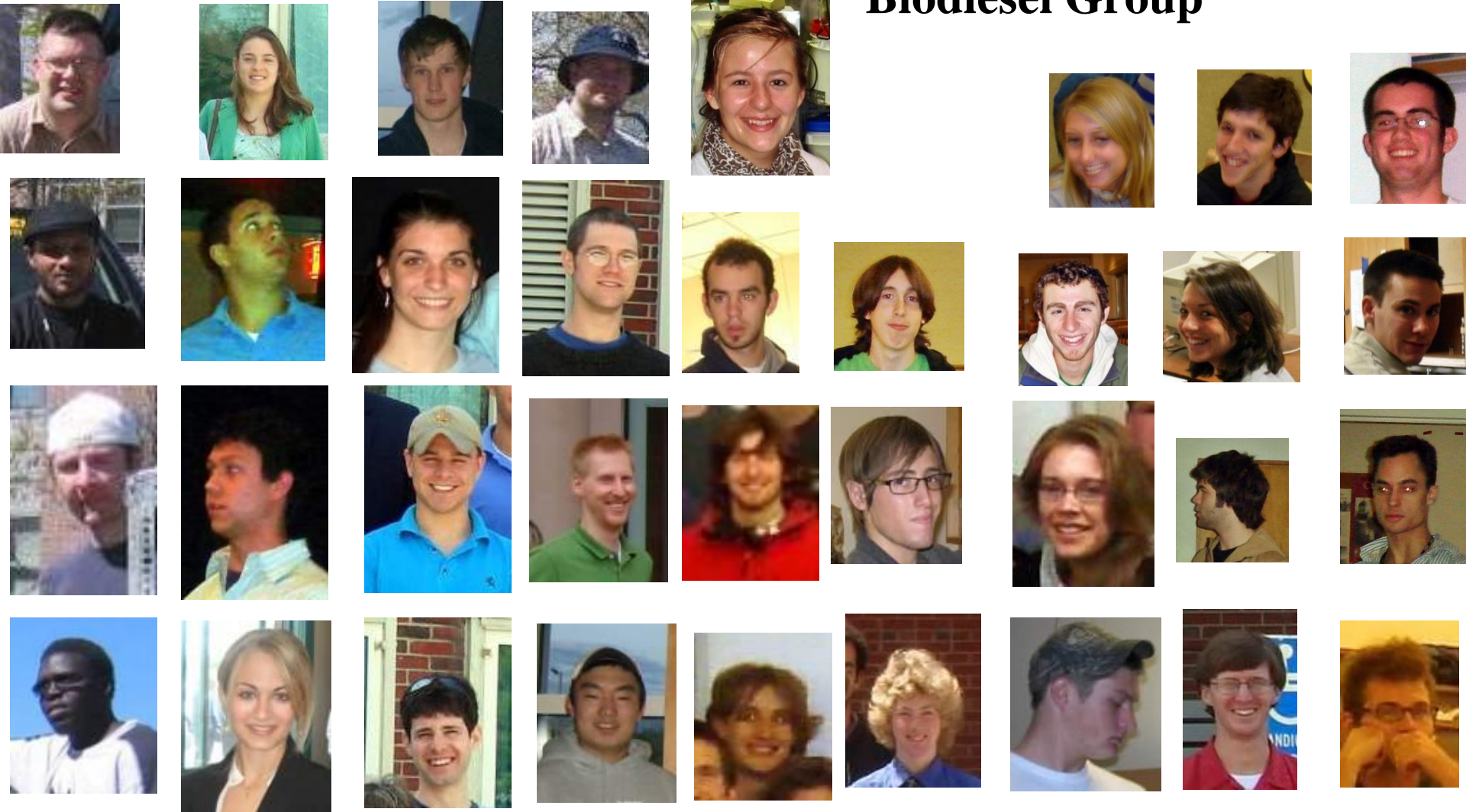
- Exxon and Bill Gates are investing in algae
- Algae farms are starting to scale-up

Recap

- Motivation
- Biodiesel & Challenges
- Microalgae
- Water Issues
- Applications
- Commercial Developments

Acknowledgment

➤ **Members of the UNH Biodiesel Group**



**Thank you
for your time.**

